Aging Wisely

Comprehensive Care Management and Consultation

# Assessment and Evaluation

Client Number and Name: #3227 Betty Crocker Assessment Date: February 18, 2011 Assessed By: Julie Scott, CMC

**Scope:** Betty and her family were recommended by Elder Care Attorney John Smith to secure a geriatric assessment to document Betty's current level of functioning, look at her care needs now, and project over her life expectancy what her care needs will be. The goal of this projection is to match her care needs with available resources, recommend programs and funding sources that will assist with providing care. All parties would like Betty to remain in her home if possible.

### **Demographics**

**Current Living Arrangement:** Betty lives alone in a condominium **Address:** Clearwater, Florida 33764

**Phone:** (727)-555-5555 (home) (727)-444-5555 (cell)

Date of Birth: September 24, 1927 Marital Status: widowed US Citizen: yes Veteran: No Religious Preference: Baptist

Emergency Contacts: 1) Sam Crocker Phone: (813)-555-5555

**2)** Sally Crocker **Phone**: (727)-555-5555

Relationship: Son

Relationship: Daughter

# **Medical Information**

**Primary Physician:** Dr. Bobby Flay **Address:** Clearwater, FL **Specialty:** Primary Care **Phone:** (727) 555-5555

Betty sees Dr. Flay every three months, and is compliant with her office visit schedules. She is due to see Dr. Flay on 3/1/2011 for her annual physical. Diagnoses and medications have been verified by Dr. Flay.

Secondary Physician: Dr. Heart	Specialty: Cardiology		
Address: Safety Harbor, Florida 34695	<b>Phone:</b> (727) 555-5555		

Betty sees Dr. Heart approximately every six months, and was last seen in October of 2010. She is compliant with her office visit schedule. Betty's cardiac diagnoses and medications have been verified by the cardiologist office.

#### Current diagnoses:

- a-fibrillation (paroxysmal) treated by Dr. Heart
- degenerative disk disease of the c-spine treated by Dr. Flay
- high cholesterol treated by Dr. Flay
- hypertension treated by Dr. Heart
- mitral regurgitation treated by Dr. Heart
- osteoarthritis (primarily left knee, hip and back) treated by Dr. Flay

#### Medical history (including previous surgeries):

- Tonsillectomy
- Appendectomy
- Oopherectomy (ovary and tube removal)
- Cataract removal, both eyes

**Smoking history:** non-smoker **Allergies:** Severe allergy to MSG. **Medication intolerances**: None known.

Current prescriptions:	Dosage	Frequency
Alendronate	70 mg	every week on Sunday
Digoxin	0.125 mg	once daily
Oxazepam	15 mg	once daily
Metoprolol	50mg	twice daily
Warfarin	2.5 mg	once daily on Mon, Wed, and Friday
Warfarin	2.0 mg	once daily on Tue, Thrs, Sat, and Sun
Fish Oil	1000 mg	three times daily
Premerin Cream	-	once daily on Mon, Wed, and Fri

<b>Over the counter supplements:</b>	Dosage	Frequency
Multi-vitamin	1 tablet	once daily
Vitamin C		once daily
Vitamin D3		once daily
Calcium		once daily
Zinc		three times a week; Mon, Wed, and Fri

### **Insurance Information**

Medicare: Yes, both A and B

Part A: 09-01-1992 Part B: 09-01-1992

Supplemental Insurance Carrier: Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Florida Medicare Part D: Humana Long Term Care Insurance: None

#### **Legal Information**

Health Care Surrogate: Yes, son Sam Crocker is primary, with Sam Crocker, Jr. a back up health care surrogate
Copy of Document on File: On file with attorney
Living Will: Yes.
Copy of Document on File: On file with attorney
Durable Power of Attorney: Yes, son Sam Crocker is primary, with Sam Crocker, Jr. a back up DPOA
Copy of Document on File: On file with attorney

**Do Not Resuscitate Order:** No, client is a full code at this time. **Estate Plan (Will/Trust):** Yes, there is a will. There is no trust established.

Attorney: John Smit Address: Tampa, FL **Phone:** (813) 555-5555

#### **Financial Information**

Income: Social security income of \$600/month (deductions of Medicare premium, and Humana premiums net approximately \$300/month)

VA benefits of \$1400/month (Disabled surviving spouse benefits)

Assets: Condominium (paid in full) Car (paid in full) Checking account (income direct deposit into this account for daily expenses) Money Market savings of approximately \$220,000.00

#### **Monthly Expenses:**

Condo maintenance fees	\$330.00
Electric	\$120.00
Telephone	\$35.00
Gas	\$180.00
Food	\$400.00

Medication/co-payments	\$114.00
Medicare deductible	\$13.50 (\$162.00 annuitized over the year)
Auto insurance	\$128.00 (\$1534.36 annuitized over the year)
Homeowner's insurance (contents)	\$60.33 (\$724.00 annuitized over the year)
Blue Cross/Blue Shield	\$160.80 (1929.60 annuitized over the year)
St. Pete Times	\$17.88 (\$214.50 annuitized over the year)
Miscellaneous expenses	\$100.00
Property taxes	\$0 (VA benefit for 100% service connected disability)
Total Monthly Expenses	\$1659.51

Life Insurance: None Investments/Annuities: None

#### **Burial Arrangements**

Plot Location: Beverly Hills Cemetery
Prepaid Arrangements: Yes
Funeral Director/Home: Beverly Hills Cemetary Phone: (727) 555-5555
Address: Palm Harbor, Florida 34683

#### **Social History**

**Past relationships, occupations, interests:** Betty was born in Maryland, and has lived in Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina, and Florida. Her father was in the textiles industry. She married Warren Crocker, to whom she was married for 57 years. She moved to Florida in 1956. Betty has three children, with whom she is in frequent contact. Betty was employed as a cashier at Walmart part time.

## **Psychosocial**

Interests:Past: sewing, crochet, cookingPresent: reading, televisionSelf Esteem:HighRecent Stress:None noted, or reportedGrieving Behavior:None noted, but has some episodes of sadness and tearfulness over the<br/>death of her husband Warren, who passed away August 18, 2010.Judgment:SoundConcentration:GoodRelationships with Family:Betty reports she is very close to her children and grandchildren.

#### **Cognitive Abilities:**

Oriented (Person, Place, & Time): Fully oriented to person, place and time. Mood: Pleasant Anxious: No Depressed: None noted

# **Memory**

**Short Term:** Intact. Betty is able to recall sequences of events recently, is able to recall dates, names and phone numbers. Betty is able to consistently provide information asked of her during the interview process **Mid-Term:** Intact

Long Term: Intact

# **Functional Assessment**

*ADLs (Activities of Daily Living)* are defined as those tasks that are basic, routine in nature in and around the residence, including getting around inside the home, getting in or out of bed or a chair, bathing, dressing, eating, and toileting.

Activities of Daily	Independent	Needs Minimal	Needs Moderate	Needs Maximum	Needs Total
Living:		Assistance	Assistance	Assistance	Assistance
Bathing/Grooming	Χ				
Comment: Betty showers a	nd grooms ind	dependently i	n a fully acce	essible bathro	oom. Its
modifications will allow Be	etty to safely s	shower (or lat	ter be shower	ed) in a large	,
wheelchair accessible show	ver.				
Dressing	Χ				
Comment: Betty is able to	complete full	y the tasks of	selecting clo	thing, donni	ng her
clothing, and safely undres	sing independ	ently.			-
Toileting	Χ				
Comment: Betty is fully co	ontinent of bo	wel and blade	der. In additi	on to the abo	ve
mentioned accessibility of	the shower, th	e toilet area i	n her bathroo	om is also ful	ly
accessible to a wheelchair	for potential f	uture need.			
Ambulating	Χ				
Comment: Betty uses her	walker consist	ently both in	her condo, a	round the car	npus, and
out in the community.*					
Transfers	Χ				
Comment: Betty is able to transfer independently at this time. Observation of her ability					
shows that she is careful, confident, and can manage this task.*					
Eating	Χ				
Comment: Betty is able to eat and drink independently.					

\*There have been no falls during ambulation or transfers during the past three months.

*IADLs (Instrumental Activities of Daily Living)* are those tasks that require more complex mental and physical ability to carry out, and directly relate to the maintenance of one's safety in the home. They include going outside the home, keeping track of money and bills, preparing meals, doing light housework, laundry, taking prescription medication in the right amount at the right time, making and keeping appointments, and using the telephone.

Instrumental	Independent	Needs Minimal	Needs Moderate	Needs Maximum	Needs Total
Activities of Daily	muepenuent	Assist	Assistance	Assistance	Assistance
Living:					
Managing medications	X				
Comment: Betty manages	her own medio	cations, and r	eports she do	es not forget	to take
either the morning or eveni	ng pills. Fami	ly is in concu	urrence with	this statemen	t.
Medications are organized,	and dispense	d from the bo	ottles rather th	nan a pill box	
Meal Preparation	Χ				
Comment: Betty prepares	fewer meals d	ue to standin	g and balance	e issues. She	typically
will microwave a frozen di	nner, or will g	o out.			
Managing finances	X				
Comment: Betty is in char	ge of her chec	kbook and a	ll banking ne	eds at this tin	ne. She
pays her own bills and bala	inces her chec	kbook.			
Shopping		X			
Comment: Betty is able to				-	
days off from work (Mond					
to focus on the shopping ra	-	ending energy	y trying to ge	t the walker i	n and out
of the car, managing bags, etc.					
Light Housekeeping		Χ			
Comment: Betty is able to do a great deal of the tasks needed to maintain her condo. She					
utilizes her daughter's assistance for housekeeping due to balance and standing issues.					
Laundry		Χ			
Comment: Betty is able to do laundry, but will utilize her family's assistance with some of					
the laundry tasks, due balance and standing issues.					
Talking on the phone	Χ				
Comment: Betty is fully capable of this task independently.					

**Communication:** Betty is very much able to communicate her needs at this time.

**Special Diet:** Regular diet **Weight:** approximately 130 pounds

Vision: Wears glasses Hearing: None Dentition: Betty has her own teeth

# Home Environment/Safety Issues

Stairs: Condo is accessible by stairs or elevator. There are no stairs within the condo unit.
Emergency Response System: No. Betty states she keeps her cell phone with her at all times.
Lighting: Adequate
Scatter Rugs: None. Betty uses one bath mat she puts down prior to her shower.
Grab Bars in the Bathroom: Yes, multiple.
Tub/shower configuration: Betty's bathroom is fully accessible, and will meet any future needs with regards to wheelchair use.
Smoke Alarm: Yes, batteries changed monthly by her grandson.
Telephone Next to Bed: Yes
Outdated Medications: None noted
Emergency Numbers Posted: No
Hurricane/Evacuation Plan and Supplies: Betty lives in Evacuation Zone B. Family helps her gather supplies, but will assist her out of the condo should an evacuation order be issued. On hand are water, canned goods, and snacks.
Security System: No.

## **Presenting Problems/Issues**

**Identified by Client.** Betty reports there are no issues or problems. She would like to remain in her home as long as possible, and is agreeable to home care when the need arises.

**Identified by Family.** Family expressed concerns over how to pay for care and how to project the cost of care. They too would like Betty to remain in her home with assistance as her needs change. They intend to pursue some type of asset protection in the future so that there are funds available to pay for care.

**Identified by Care Manager.** Betty and her family are well-positioned at this time to address their concerns. Betty is not in a crisis mode, her health is stable at this time, and she is fully cognizant. Their combined interest and approach to assessing her status at this time, understanding the options available and the costs associated with them is commendable. There are only two concerns noted at this time.

- 1) There is no emergency response system in place. Betty states she keeps her cell phone with her at all times. This presents concern if Betty is unable to initiate a call if injured.
- 2) Betty states she can do the stairs at the condo with assistance. As it is unclear whether there is any generator power for the elevator, Betty is at risk should there need to be an emergency evacuation of the building when her family is not present to assist her down the stairs (fire, chemical hazard, etc.).

## **Summary:**

Betty is a very engaging woman who lives alone in a condominium at Hollywood. She uses a walker in her home, and in the community. She is currently driving, and owns a Mazda 5. Betty is fully cognizant, and is able to attend to all of her ADLs at this time, and completes her IADLs with the assistance of her family. Physically, Betty presents with some balance issues, and

reports pain from osteoarthritis at times. Medically, she has some cardiac diagnoses that require medication and monitoring by a cardiologist. She is able to make her needs known, and is not hesitant to ask her family for help.

Betty and her family are concerned at this time about how to pay for care as her care needs increase, and want to plan and project the costs of care over her lifetime. There is some potential need for Medicaid in the future. Pre-planning will allow Betty and her family to consider all the options and avenues for care without the stress of a crisis.

Betty, as well as her family, expressed a desire to have Betty cared for in her home as long as feasible, and financially, possible.

Based on the Social Security Actuarial table, it would be anticipated that Betty Crocker's life expectancy at this time to be 90.39 years, or approximately 7.42 years remaining. Taking into account her diagnoses, her compliance to medication and medical oversight, and strong support system, it is likely that Betty will meet her remaining years based on the actuary tables, provided she maintains a good appetite, and remains hydrated, and does not have a catastrophic fall. Betty's care needs however, will increase due to changes in mobility, and continued progression of degenerative disk disease. A severe fall would obviously result in a possible escalation of care needs in the home.

# **Recommendations/Plan of Action**

- Recommend Betty consider adding an emergency response system, such as Wellcore. Keeping her cell phone with her at all times is beneficial in many ways, but may be inaccessible to her depending on her emergency. If, for example, she were to fall and break a hip, the pain experienced while trying to get the phone out of a pocket would be excruciating, and it is unlikely she would be able to retrieve it. Should she fall and the phone be dropped or inadvertently thrown away from her, she may or may not be able to get to it to make a call. An emergency response pendent or bracelet may offer her more chance at alerting 911 timely should she need it. The technology behind this product does not require one to press a button; it detects a fall via motion acceleration technology. Please check out their FAQ section on their website: <u>http://www.wellcore.com</u> for more information.
- 2) Recommend that Betty, or her family, verify with the building management what services are ensured (if any) under generator power should there be a power failure, and even if there is a generator for the building. What is the condominium association's emergency plan for an emergency that would require evacuation without the use of the elevators? If there is a generator that is dedicated to keeping the elevator operational, this concern would be eliminated.
- 3) Recommend that Betty and her family review and consider the costs of multiple levels of care in a variety of settings, so that they better understand the options. It is most desirable for Betty to remain in her home with care by all concerned parties, but the financial impact of this must be weighed accordingly. The following considerations are presented for informational purposes.
- 1180 Ponce de Leon Blvd., Suite 701 Clearwater, Florida 33757 www.agingwisely.com Phone 727-447-5845 • Fax 727-461-0001 • Toll Free 1-888-807-2551

<u>**Care at home</u>**: As care needs increase, it would be recommended that Betty engages Home health care through a reputable agency to assist her with personal care and housekeeping chores so that her energy and stamina can be preserved for quality of life activities.</u>

- a. Home health can be utilized to assist with bathing, preparation of nutritionally sound meals, escort to and from community events, walking and safe exercising. Home health can take over the majority of household chores, freeing Betty from tasks that are painful or place her at risk of further injury. This also allows family to focus on quality of life interactions.
- b. Agency versus privately hired care: While agency care may be considered to be more expensive hourly, the cost of hiring private duty comes with increased vulnerability to personal liability. Private duty, or individual contractors, may not carry worker's comp or liability insurance. This poses concerns for Betty carrying the liability should a caregiver be hurt or injured in the course of her shift. At a minimum, caregivers should carry worker's comp and liability insurance on themselves. Attention to payment of appropriate withholding of taxes is also needed.
- c. Cost of caregivers is based on the type of care needed, and thus provided. Should Betty require only assistance with household tasks, or visual oversight, or companion services, a companion could be utilized. Should Betty require *any* type of hands-on assistance with *any* ADL, she would need a home health aide or CNA (certified nursing assistant). It is hard to start with companion care and then change out caregivers that someone has become attached to replace them with someone that can provide the hands-on assistance. It may be more prudent to start with the higher skillset so that these changes do not have to occur.
- d. Cost of care for Betty would be approximately \$100/day for 5 hours of home health care daily (\$20/hour) for home health, meal preparation, assistance with bathing, light housekeeping, As care needs increase, Betty would be looking at costs as follows to remain in her home:
- 8 hours daily @ \$20/hour = \$160 per day, or \$58,400 per year.
- 12 hours daily @ \$20/hour = \$240 per day, or \$87,600 per year.
- 24 hours daily @ \$20/hour = \$480 per day, or \$175,200 per year.
- e. Based on these figures, should Betty require 24 hour care, and remain in her home, she would have the resources to pay for this care for less than 15 months, with no remaining resources to supplement her care in a facility setting.

<u>Independent Living</u>: This option should be explored if Betty and her family feel that the cost of care in her home is prohibitive. This process can take time to find the right placement, and is best completed prior to the time of need. This consideration would 1180 Ponce de Leon Blvd., Suite 701 • Clearwater, Florida 33757 • www.agingwisely.com Phone 727-447-5845 • Fax 727-461-0001 • Toll Free 1-888-807-2551

allow Betty to age in place and receive services easily and conveniently as her needs change. An independent living facility would be a reasonable option for Betty, as it would provide meals, transportation, housekeeping, peers, activities, outings, etc. Personal care assistance that is needed in the near future could be purchased ala carte, which would extend her independence longer.

a. Facilities appropriate for Betty include (but not limited to):

Services
es
es
<sup>t</sup> level of care

 b. Based on the resources available, and assuming continued independence, Betty's resources for Independent Living would last 58 months at the \$2800/month range (plus the first level of care of \$600), shown in the table above.

<u>Assisted Living facility</u>: At such time when care needs to increase and Betty is not safe to be alone, Betty may be better served in an appropriate assisted living facility. Cost of such care will be approximately \$3800-\$5400/per month for assisted living with Level of Care. The above facilities would be appropriate for Betty for assisted living as well, but are not the only facilities appropriate. All of the above facilities accept the Medicaid Long Term Care Diversion program.

<u>Combination of options</u>: Most likely, it will be necessary for Betty to utilize a combination of the above options. One might project that Betty would be able to remain in her home at such time she needs assistance for a portion of each day, but not the full day. This would allow for time for Betty and her family to begin the search for the next level of care needed, which would be assisted living. An example of this progression might be:

3 hours of care daily @ 20/hour = 120/day, or 43,800 for the first year that minimal care is needed. (Betty's overall independence may be lengthened at this time in her home with some support on the days that her daughter is not available).

8 hours of care daily @ 20/hour = 160/day, or 58,400 for the second year that care is needed.

As Betty's needs dictate, after appropriate asset protection with her elder law attorney she could apply for Medicaid Waiver or Long Term Care Diversion (LTCD) and/or the PACE program, and use the protected assets for supplemental/quality of life care. Long Term Care Diversion and Medicaid Waiver are Medicaid Assisted Living programs. The

individual is responsible for payment of their income minus a monthly personal needs allowance, with the managed care organization providing the program paying the facility a contracted amount for a portion of the remaining costs. The protected assets can go towards the differential and other quality of life items/services.

The Neighborly PACE Program offers a special program that combines medical and long term care services in a community setting. Services may include: Homemaker Services, Home Health Care, Medications, Adult Day Services, Rehabilitation Therapy, Social Services, Transportation and Home Meal Delivery, and all services covered by Medicare and Medicaid.

Unfortunately all of the Medicaid programs providing long term care (other than nursing home care) currently have an extensive waiting list.

At such time that Betty would require custodial nursing home care, she would be transitioned to a nursing home under ICP Medicaid, having already qualified for the LTCD.

- 4) Recommend Betty and her family explore with their attorney those methods of asset protection that will best position her for Medicaid in the future. Asset protection can, and should, occur long before the need for Medicaid arises, due to the Medicaid environment just because she may be eligible doesn't mean she has to become eligible.
- 5) Recommend that Betty and her family explore some of the VA benefits that she may not currently be utilizing, but potentially eligible. Her status as a surviving spouse of a 100% disabled veteran may entitle her to Champ/VA, which would help pay for her medications, etc. and act as a Supplemental Insurance to her Medicare benefit (it will not pay for long term care). This benefit alone would save nearly \$1000/year on medications. Beneficiaries are required to see a VA doctor once a year, bring their prescriptions from their community doctor. The VA doctor will re-write the prescriptions and medications will be provided via mail until the prescription changes.

<u>http://www.va.gov/hac/forbeneficiaries/champva/handbook/chandbook.pdf</u> can provide additional information on surviving spouse benefits.

The Pinellas Service Center in Clearwater is a free service that will assist with accessing benefits, as well as identifying any other VA benefits she may be entitled to. Their contact information is: Pinellas Veterans Services 2189 Cleveland Street, #201 Clearwater, Florida (727)-464-8460

6) Recommend Betty and/or her family consult with care manager in the event Betty suffers a health incident which requires her to receive care. At that time care manager can review available resources and make appropriate recommendations.

Obviously, Betty's physical needs will change as she ages, and the amount of hands-on care provided will increase. By utilizing a combination of options, Betty's quality of life will be preserved over her remaining life span. Resources are available to accommodate Betty in her home, as she desires, for a few years at varying levels of assistance, especially if she is able to maintain her current level of functioning and independence for the next few years. There will not be enough assets to provide 24 hour care for Betty in her home for the duration of her life expectancy, however. Some consideration needs to be given to protecting assets for Betty and getting her positioned for Medicaid, which would allow her protected resources to provide additional quality of life enhancements to her.

Thank you for the opportunity to assess Betty Crocker. She was delightful to talk with, and I wish her continued health and independence.

Sincerely, Julie Scott, CMC Care Manager